

National curriculum

Through a variety of creative and practical activities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understanding and skills needed to engage in an iterative process of designing and making. They should work in a range of relevant contexts.

	Designing	Making	Evaluating	Technical knowledge
EYFS	Understanding the world: Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them. Expressive arts and design: Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings. Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them. Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills	Understanding the world: Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them. Expressive arts and design: Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings. Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them. Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills	Understanding the world: Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them. Expressive arts and design: Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings. Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them. Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills	Understanding the world: Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them. Expressive arts and design: Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings. Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them. Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills
KS1	Design - purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria. Design - generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology.	Select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing]. Select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics.	Explore and evaluate a range of existing products evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria.	Build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable. Explore and use mechanisms [for example, levers, sliders, wheels and axles], in their products.
KS2	Use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups. Generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design.	Select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing]. Accurately select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities.	Investigate and analyse a range of existing products, evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work. Understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world.	Apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures. Understand and use mechanical systems in their products [for example, gears, pulleys, cams, levers and linkages]. Understand and use electrical systems in their products [for example, series circuits incorporating switches, bulbs, buzzers and motors].

				Apply their understanding of computing to program, monitor and control their products.
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Skills				
	Designing	Making	Evaluating	Technical knowledge
EYFS	- Making verbal plans and material choices. - Developing a junk model. - Designing a junk model boat. - Using knowledge from exploration to inform design. - Discussing what a good design needs. - Designing a simple pattern with paper. - Designing a bookmark. - Choosing from available materials.	Understanding the world: Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them. Expressive arts and design: Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings. Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them. Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills	Understanding the world: Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them. Expressive arts and design: Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings. Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them. Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills	Understanding the world: Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them. Expressive arts and design: Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings. Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them. Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills
Year 1	Skills Identifying needs and problems - Thinking about what others might want from a design. - Beginning to recognise how products and designs in the world around us solve certain needs. Developing for a user - Considering who they are designing for - identifying the user. - Stating what they intend to make and why - identifying the purpose. Generating ideas - Talking about ideas, with purpose and user in mind. - Talking about existing products when generating ideas. Communicating ideas - Using basic drawing skills to communicate ideas. Knowledge Identifying needs and problems	Skills Planning - Planning more than one step ahead. Selecting materials - Choosing between a small number of materials, ingredients or components. - Explaining their choices based on personal experiences. Selecting equipment - Requesting equipment appropriate to the purpose (e.g. scissors for cutting, glue for joining). Tool safety - Explaining in simple terms why certain tools must be handled carefully. - Following and recalling simple safety instructions. Tool use - Marking and measuring: Measuring, marking and spacing materials accurately using simple tools and by identifying midpoints.	Skills Evaluating existing products - Discussing existing products, saying what they like about them. - Comparing two products and discuss which is better for a specific purpose. Evaluating own ideas and products - Discussing how their products could be improved based on personal preferences. - Comparing their finished products with their original designs. Giving and receiving feedback - Saying what they like about their peers' designs and products. - Accepting feedback and understanding it is meant to improve their work. Knowledge Evaluating existing products - To know that some products will be better than others. Evaluating own ideas and products	Structures - Year 1/2 Skills Key skills by area - Recognising that different structures are used for different purposes. - Exploring the features of structures. - Describing structures as buildings or freestanding structures. Key skills by unit - Making stable structures from card. - Creating supporting structures to aid stability. - Using stable objects, such as cylinders, to create structures. - Building a strong and stiff structure by folding paper. - Folding to strengthen or stiffen. - Comparing the stability of different shapes. - Identifying the weakest part of a structure. Knowledge Key knowledge by area

	- To know that different users may want different things from a design. - To know that the ‘user’ is the person who will use the product. - To know that designers usually design and make something to solve a problem. Developing for a user - To know that who they are designing for makes a difference to what they design. - To know that the purpose is what something is for. Generating ideas - To know that existing products can help when deciding what to design. Communicating ideas - To know that drawings are a way to explain ideas.	- Cutting: Cutting straight and spaced lines, larger shapes and simple holes safely and with control. - Joining: Joining materials using glue, tape or simple stitching. - Shaping: Using simple tools to shape materials by cutting and forming. - Finishing: Finishing products using controlled colouring and simple textures. Knowledge Selecting materials - To know that choosing different materials or components will have an effect on what their product does or looks like. Tool safety - To know that some tools are sharp, such as scissors and knives. - To know that following instructions means using tools safely. Tool use - Marking and measuring: To know that straight lines, equal spacing and finding the middle of an object help to make products more accurate. - Cutting: To know that different tools and techniques are used to cut materials and soft foods safely and accurately. - Joining: To know that materials can be joined in different ways to create a secure and neat finish. - Shaping: To know that tools are used to change the shape of different materials. - Finishing: To know that texture and careful colouring improve how a product looks and feels.	- To know that their ideas or products can be made better. - To know that their final product might be different to their original idea. Giving and receiving feedback - To know that their ideas can make someone else’s work better. - To know that other people’s ideas can help make their work better.	- To know that a structure is something that has been made and put together. - To understand that the shape of a structure affects its strength. Key knowledge by unit - To know that stable structures do not topple. - To know that shapes and structures with wide, flat bases or legs are the most stable. - To know that adding weight to the base of a structure can make it more stable. - To know that materials can be manipulated to improve strength and stiffness. - To know that a ‘strong’ structure is one which does not break easily. - To know that a ‘stiff’ structure or material is one which does not bend easily. Textiles - Year 1/2 Skills Key skills by area - Discussing fabric properties. - Threading large needles. - Rehearsing sewing techniques with large needles and thick thread like wool. - Sewing a running stitch in large-weave embroidery fabric or hessian. - Beginning to sew stitches into a material. Key skills by unit - Creating patterns and following them with stitching. - Spacing stitches evenly. - Pinning fabric to a template. - Selecting fabric for sewing. - Sewing a running stitch, with evenly spaced, neat, even stitches to join fabric. Knowledge Key knowledge by area - To know that sewing is a method of joining fabric. Key knowledge by unit - To know that evenly spaced stitches help when following a pattern.
Year 2	Skills Developing for a user Using a simple design brief that outlines the intended use, target user and key features of the product, to create simple design criteria.	Skills Planning - Planning more than one step ahead. Selecting materials - Choosing materials, ingredients or components from a wider range of materials, ingredients or components.	Skills Evaluating existing products Discussing a range of existing products and saying what they like and dislike about them.	

	Generating ideas • Creating ideas with design criteria in mind. • Referring to specific parts of existing products when generating ideas. Communicating ideas • Making a series of drawings to show how something works. • Using labels to explain parts of a design, label materials etc, including using ICT. • Integrating moving parts when creating mock-ups. Knowledge Developing for a user • To know that a design brief helps to decide what to make. • To know that design criteria are the steps for making a product successful. Generating ideas • To know that the design criteria help when thinking of ideas. • To know that different products work in different ways and have parts that make them work. Communicating ideas • To know that drawings can help explain how something works. • To know that a label explains part of a drawing.	• Explaining their choices based on the properties of materials and components. Selecting equipment • Selecting from a wider range of equipment some of which are used for the same purpose (e.g. joining by sewing instead of glue). Tool safety • Explaining in simple terms why certain tools must be handled carefully. • Following and recalling simple safety instructions. Tool use • Marking and measuring: Measuring, marking and spacing lines of a given length using simple tools. • Cutting: Cutting a range of materials with improving control by adjusting grip and positioning the material carefully. • Joining: Joining materials by aligning edges carefully and applying glue or stitches neatly and evenly. • Shaping: Using templates and known shapes to create and adapt forms for a purpose. • Finishing: Applying consistent brush/pen/pencil strokes to create balance in their finishing. Knowledge Planning • To know that a plan is deciding what to do first and next. Selecting materials • To know some properties of materials like hard, soft, flexible, waterproof, strong etc. Selecting equipment • To know that some pieces of equipment are better suited to certain jobs. Tool safety • To know that some tools are sharp like scissors and knives.	• Comparing a range of products and explaining why some better meet different design criteria than others. Evaluating own ideas and products • Evaluating their ideas and creations against simple design criteria. • Discussing whether they were able to use the tools and techniques effectively. Giving and receiving feedback • Suggesting improvements to their peers’ designs and products. Knowledge Evaluating existing products • To know that existing products can be evaluated against design criteria. Evaluating own ideas and products • To know that design criteria help to decide if their product is a success. • To know what different tools and equipment do. Giving and receiving feedback • To know that improve means to make something better. • To know that their suggestions can improve someone else’s work.	• To know that ‘joining’ means connecting two pieces of material together. • To know that there are various temporary methods of joining fabric by using staples, glue or pins. • To know that a template (or fabric pattern) is used to cut out the same shape multiple times. Cooking and nutrition - Year 1/2 Skills Key skills by area • Understanding where fruits and vegetables come from. • Selecting foods to create a balanced recipe. • Selecting foods based on their food group. Key skills by unit • Chopping fruit and vegetables safely to make a smoothie. • Juicing fruits safely to make a smoothie. • Describing appearance, smell and taste. • Chopping foods safely to make a wrap. • Grating foods. • Snipping smaller foods instead of cutting. Knowledge Key knowledge by area • To know that fruits grow on trees or vines. • To know that vegetables can grow either above or below ground. • To know that vegetables are any edible part of a plant (e.g. potatoes are roots, lettuce is leaves, cucumber is a fruit). • To know that ‘diet’ means the food and drink that a person or animal usually eats. • To know that the five main food groups are: Carbohydrates, fruits and vegetables, protein, dairy and foods high in fat and sugar. • To know that a balanced diet is eating foods from different food groups. Key knowledge by unit • To know that a fruit has seeds. • To know that ‘ingredients’ means the items in a mixture or recipe.
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		- To know that following instructions means using tools safely. Tool use - Marking and measuring: To know that length can be measured and marked to improve the accuracy of products. - Cutting: To know that changing grip and how a material is held can make cutting safer and more accurate. - Joining: To know that careful alignment and neat application make a join stronger and tidier. - Shaping: To know that templates and geometric shapes can help create accurate forms that improve how a product works. - Finishing: To know that balanced and consistent finishing improves the overall appearance of their product.		- To know that different foods have different appearance, taste and smell. - To know that kitchen equipment can be used to prepare foods.
Year 3 & Year 4	Skills Identifying needs and problems - Noticing simple problems or needs in their everyday life. - Using empathy and conducting simple surveys to recognise the needs of others. Developing for a user - Creating simple design criteria that outline basic functionality and appeal to individual users or target audiences. Generating ideas - Taking part in structured idea-generation sessions. - Coming up with more ideas and considering the feasibility of their ideas in the classroom. Communicating ideas - Beginning to use 2D CAD software to communicate their ideas. - Developing drawing and sketching skills with a focus on clarity and simplicity.	Skills Planning - Ordering the main stages of making into a plan. Selecting materials - Selecting materials, components or ingredients from a wider choice but within a limited design space (e.g. seasonal ingredients from May and June in the UK). - Selecting materials, components or ingredients based on their form as well as their functional properties. - Explaining their choices with regard to function and form. Selecting equipment - Selecting equipment required for a series of tasks based on the plan. Explain why each piece is suitable for each stage. Tool safety - Suggesting simple safety rules based on their understanding of tool dangers. - Participating in discussions about classroom safety procedures. - Following detailed safety instructions.	Skills Evaluating existing products - Investigating and analysing a range of existing products by looking at their functionality and appeal. - Analysing why specific products, designers or inventors are successful. Evaluating own ideas and products - Evaluating their designs by comparing them against design criteria and considering feedback from peers to suggest improvements. - Evaluating how effective their chosen materials and tools were in fulfilling the design brief. Giving and receiving feedback - Explaining why they think certain aspects of a peer's design are effective or why they suggested specific improvements. - Reflecting on feedback to decide if and how it could be used to improve future iterations. Knowledge Evaluating existing products	Textiles - Year 3/4 Skills Key skills by area - Threading needles with greater independence. - Sewing with smaller needles to create smaller stitches. - Selecting similar or different colour thread to hide or show the stitch. Key skills by unit - Creating a template. - Sewing cross stitch to decorate or join fabric. - Decorating fabric using appliqué. - Stuffing and sewing to finish a product. - Making and testing a paper template. - Incorporating a fastening to a design. - Sewing using a running stitch. Knowledge Key knowledge by area - To know that smaller stitches with similar colour thread to the fabric can hide the stitching. - To know that thread of a different colour to the fabric will make the stitch more decorative.

	- Developing designs by adding detail and justifications about materials, tools, methods. - Beginning to recognise the benefit of a range of diagram types or prototypes to communicate ideas. (eg. sketches, cross-sectional diagram, thumbnail sketches and exploded diagrams). - Creating prototypes using materials with similar properties to their final design. Knowledge Identifying needs and problems - To know that a problem or need is something that a designer can help to solve. Developing for a user - To know that a target audience is a group of people that might like the idea. Generating ideas - To know that thinking together can help generate ideas. - To know that not everything can be made in the classroom. Communicating ideas - To know that CAD is computer-aided design. - To know that CAD can be used to better communicate ideas. - To know that extra information on drawings or diagrams can help the user understand a design or idea. - To know that thumbnail sketches are less detailed quick sketches. - To know that a cross-sectional diagram shows the inside of a product. - To know that an exploded diagram shows how the parts of a product fit together. - To know that a prototype is a detailed model that helps a user understand how a product will work.	Tool use - Marking and measuring: Using a ruler accurately to measure and mark straight lines. - Cutting: Cutting more complex shapes and a wider range of materials and foods accurately and safely (e.g. using a bridge or claw hold when chopping foods). - Joining: Joining materials securely by selecting and applying appropriate joining methods for the material and purpose. - Shaping: Creating and refining accurate 2D and 3D shapes to suit the function of a product. - Finishing: Applying precise and varied finishing techniques to enhance appearance and surface quality. Knowledge Planning - To know that ordering the steps of a build can make it easier. Selecting materials - To know that form is the look and shape of something. - To know that function is what something does and how it works. Selecting equipment - To know that different pieces of equipment will be used at different stages in a plan. Tool safety - To know that different tools and equipment have different dangers. Tool use - Marking and measuring: To know that a ruler is used to measure and mark length precisely. - Cutting: To know that different tools and techniques are suited to specific materials and levels of resistance. - Joining: To know that stronger and long lasting joins may be needed depending on the materials and how the product will be used.	- To know that some products are more successful than other because of their function. - To know that designers and inventors create products. Evaluating own ideas and products - To know that choices of materials and equipment can affect the final product. - To know that feedback is ideas and suggestions from other people that can help improve their work. Giving and receiving feedback - To know that the better the suggestions the better the feedback. - To know that they can choose to use feedback or not.	Key knowledge by unit - To know that appliqué is a way of mending or decorating a textile by applying smaller pieces of fabric to larger pieces. - To know that when two edges of fabric have been joined together it is called a seam. - To know that it is important to leave space on the fabric for the seam. - To know that some products are turned inside out after sewing so the stitching is hidden. - To know that different fastening types are useful for different purposes. - To know that a fastening is something that holds two pieces of material together. Skills Key skills by area - Identifying foods with different nutritional properties. - Recognising the seasonality of foods. - Understanding that many foods are imported from other countries. Key skills by unit - Following the instructions within a recipe. - Tasting seasonal ingredients. - Selecting seasonal ingredients. - Peeling ingredients safely. - Cutting safely with a vegetable knife. - Following a baking recipe, including the preparation of ingredients. - Cooking safely, following basic hygiene rules. Knowledge Key knowledge by area - To know that not all fruits and vegetables can be grown in the UK. - To know that climate affects food growth. - To know that vegetables and fruit grow in certain seasons. - To know that cooking instructions are known as a ‘recipe’. - To know that imported food is food which has been brought into the country.
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		• Shaping: To know that accurate shaping and refining of 2D and 3D forms improves appearance and performance. • Finishing: To know that finishing techniques can improve both the look and performance of a product.		• To know that similar coloured fruits and vegetables often have similar nutritional benefits. Key knowledge by unit • To know that the appearance of food is as important as taste. • To know which foods are grown in the UK in a specified season. • To know which foods can be cut and peeled using equipment. • To know that the amount of an ingredient in a recipe is known as the 'quantity'. • To know that safety and hygiene are important when cooking. Electrical systems - Year 3/4 Skills Key skills by area • Recognising and exploring everyday electrical products. Key skills by unit • Identifying some electrical components. • Using batteries and other electrical components safely. • Creating a working electrical circuit. • Incorporating switches into circuits. Knowledge Key knowledge by area • To know that an electrical system is a group of parts (components) that work together to transport electricity around a circuit. • To know some common features of an electric product (e.g. switch, battery, plug, dials, buttons, etc). Key knowledge by unit • To know that a battery contains stored electricity that can be used to power products. • To know that an electrical circuit must be complete for electricity to flow. • To know that a switch can be used to complete and break an electrical circuit.
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Year 5 & Year 6	Skills Identifying needs and problems - Noticing wider-reaching problems or needs in the community. - Identifying a wide range of needs and potential barriers through market research. - Identifying more complex problems that consider multiple factors and constraints with guidance. Developing for a user - Creating more complex design criteria that require considering detailed user needs, environmental impact, materials and cost. Generating ideas - Developing more independence in generating ideas. - Coming up with a broader range of ideas and deeper innovation, requiring pupils to think critically about their ideas' practicality and originality. Communicating ideas - Using 3D CAD software to communicate their ideas. - Beginning to use more complex annotated sketches, such as cross-sectional and exploded diagrams and pattern pieces in design. - Using a series of prototypes to refine and improve their designs. Knowledge Identifying needs and problems - To know that problems can be large and small. - To know that market research is a way of collecting information about problems or needs. - To know that a constraint is a limit or condition when making a product. Developing for a user - To know that environmental impact is how the product and	Skills Planning - Producing lists of equipment, materials and tools that they need for a task. - Creating a step-by-step plan for making. Selecting materials - Selecting materials, components or ingredients based on research or user needs. - Explaining their choices, referring to their research. Selecting equipment - Considering which equipment will work well together. - Choosing from the known range of equipment available to them with little guidance. Tool safety - Assessing risks associated with different tools and equipment. - Understanding and explaining the importance of each safety rule. - Consistently apply safety instructions. Tool use - Marking and measuring: Measuring and marking to a greater degree of accuracy to support more complex designs and components. - Cutting: Using appropriate cutting tools and techniques to achieve accurate and aesthetic cuts. - Joining: Selecting and applying joining methods to create strong, durable and well-finished products. - Shaping: Shaping and refining materials and components to balance aesthetics and functionality. - Finishing: Selecting and applying finishes to enhance appearance and protect the product. Knowledge Planning - To know that materials and equipment lists help to plan better. Selecting materials	Skills Evaluating existing products - Reflecting on the usability, aesthetics, innovation and sustainability of products and discussing how design choices impact these aspects. - Evaluating the work of a range of designers to help inform their designs. Evaluating own ideas and products - Assessing their designs against a more complex set of design criteria that includes functionality, aesthetics, user experience, sustainability and cost. - Considering alternative materials, tools or techniques that could enhance the product. Giving and receiving feedback - Providing feedback that is helpful, specific, and encouraging. - Incorporating feedback from peers or users improve their product further, explaining the changes they made and the impact they had. Knowledge Evaluating existing products - To know that sustainability means thinking about the materials that were used to make a product and how the product was made. - To know that looking at other designers work can help inform designs. Evaluating own ideas and products - To know that their final product can still be improved by different materials or techniques. - To know that evaluating their designs in detail will help them understand its successful and less successful parts. Giving and receiving feedback - To know that feedback should be positive, helpful and specific. - To know that explaining how they used feedback to improve their design can help them create better products in the future.	Textiles - Year 5/6 Skills Key skills by area - Threading needles independently. - Beginning to follow simple patterns or templates that require accurate cutting or measuring. Key skills by unit - Sewing a blanket stitch to join fabric. - Sewing using a blanket stitch with even a regular spaces between the stitches. - Using pins effectively to secure a template to fabric without creases or bulges. - Attaching objects like buttons using thread. - Tying strong knots. Key knowledge by area - To know that using a template (or clothing pattern) helps to accurately mark out a design on fabric. Knowledge Key knowledge by unit - To know that blanket stitch is useful to reinforce the edges of a fabric material or join two pieces of fabric. - To know that complete products are sometimes made in parts that are sewn together. - To know that consistently sized stitches improve the aesthetic of a product. Cooking and nutrition - Year 5/6 Skills Key skills by area - Understanding that the nutritional value of a recipe alters if you remove, substitute or add additional ingredients. - Recognising that meat is farmed and reared. Key skills by unit - Adapting a traditional recipe. - Cutting and preparing vegetables safely. - Using equipment safely, including knives, hot pans and hobs. - Following a step by step method carefully to make a recipe.
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	making the product might affect the environment. - To know that different materials have different costs. Generating ideas - To know that original and innovative ideas are different from what has been made before. Communicating ideas - To know that drawings and diagrams can be communicated in 3D. - To know that annotations are detailed labels and comments on diagrams. - To know that improving on prototypes can help to improve the final design.	- To know that aesthetics are the way something looks. - To know that research can help decide on form and function. Selecting equipment - To know that some equipment can work well with other equipment. Tool safety - To know that risks are things that might go wrong. Tool use - Marking and measuring: To know that precise measuring and marking are essential for parts to fit and function correctly. - Cutting: To know that precision in cutting affects how well parts fit, function and look. - Joining: To know that joins may need reinforcement or adjustment to improve strength and stability. - Shaping: To know that the form of a product influences how it looks, feels and performs. - Finishing: To know that finishes can improve durability, protect materials and make products suitable for different uses or environments.		- Knowing how to avoid cross-contamination. - Identifying the flavours of different foods. - Pairing foods based on their flavours. Knowledge Key knowledge by area - To understand where meat comes from. - To know that recipes can be adapted to suit nutritional needs and dietary requirements. - To know that I can use a nutritional calculator to see how healthy a food option is. Key knowledge by unit - To know that adapting means changing ingredients. - To know how the steps in a recipe fit together and what happens if they are changed. - To understand that ‘cross-contamination’ means bacteria and germs have been passed onto ready-to-eat foods and it happens when these foods mix with raw meat or unclean objects. - To know that coloured chopping boards can prevent cross-contamination. - To know that flavour is how a food or drink tastes. Electrical systems - Year 5/6 Skills Key skills by area - Beginning to understand that electricity flows around a circuit. - Using different components to produce different results from electrical systems. Key skills by unit - Creating working electrical circuits with a wider variety of electrical components. - Deconstructing electrical systems to understand how they work. - Apply knowledge from science to improve the function of an electrical system. Knowledge Key knowledge by area
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